

Cap 8 hic worksheet

1. Find instances of hic/haec/hoc used in phrases in Cap 8
2. Change the number of the phrase (singular to plural, or plural to singular), and write the new Latin phrase
3. Translate the sentence with the new phrase, no matter how silly

Location: 8.2-3

Original version: Albīnus hanc tabernam habet.

New version: Albīnus *hīs tabernīs* habet.

Translation of new version: Albinus owns these shops.

...

Actually, I got the ending *wrong* on this example. Oops. Using the chart in the book at the end of the chapter, find the correct ending and emend the error found above. Then do the ones below.

Location: 8.11-13

Original version: Multae fēminae quae in hāc viā ambulant ante tabernam Albīnī cōnsistunt, nam fēminae ōrnāmentīs dēlectantur.

New version: Multae fēminae quae in _____ ambulant ante tabernam Albīnī cōnsistunt, nam fēminae ōrnāmentīs dēlectantur.

Translation of new version:

Location: 8.15-16

Original: Etiam virī multī ad _____ tabernam adeunt.

New version: Etiam virī multī ad _____ adeunt.

Translation:

Location: 8.48-49

Original: "In _____ vīgintī margarītae magnae sunt."

New version: "In _____ vīgintī margarītae magnae sunt."

Translation:

Loc: 8.49

Original: "Nonne pulchrae sunt _____?"

New version: "Nonne pulchra est _____?"

Translation:

Loc: 8.51

Original: "In _____ multa alia ōrnāmenta sunt."

New version: "In _____ multa alia ōrnāmenta sunt."

Translation:

Loc: 8.52-53

Original: "Aspicite _____!"

New version: "Aspicite _____!"

Translation:

Loc: 8.53

Original: "Nonne _____ pulchrī sunt?"

New version: "Nonne _____ pulchrī sunt?"

Translation:

Loc: 8.55

Original: "In _____ gemmae nūllae sunt!"

New version: "In _____ gemmae nūllae sunt!"

Translation:

Loc: 8.59

Original: " _____ centum nummīs constat."

New version: " _____ centum nummīs constat."

Translation:

Loc: 8.61

Original: "Pretium _____ est centum sestertiī."

New version: "Pretium _____ est centum sestertiī."

Translation:

Loc: 8.63-64

Original: "Aspice _____ : in _____ magna gemma est."

New: "Aspice _____ : in _____ magna gemma est."

Trans:

Loc: 8.69

Original: " _____ pulcher non est."

New: " _____ non _____."

Trans:

Loc: 8.75-6 (this one presents a challenge: you may need to consult the ille forms found in chapter 8 of The Companion)

Original: "Pretium illius anulī tantum est quantum _____ ; sed amīca tua _____ amat, non illum."

New: "Pretium _____ tantum est quantum _____ ; sed amīca tua _____ amat, non _____."

Trans:

Loc: 8.78

Original: "Ō, quam pulchrum _____ est!"

New: "Ō, quam _____!"

Trans:

Loc: 8. 79-80

Original: "Illud ōrnāmentum non tam pulchrum est quam _____, neque illa gemma tanta est quanta _____."

New: "_____ non tam _____ quam _____, neque _____."

Trans:

Loc: 8.83-84

Original: Ly::dia, quae _____ non audit, Mēdō digitōs suōs ostendit, in quibus nūllī ānulī sunt.

New: Ly::dia, quae _____ non audit, Mēdō digitōs suōs ostendit, in quibus nūllī ānulī sunt.

Trans:

Loc: 8.97

Original: "Dā _____ centum sestertiōs!"

New: "Dā _____ centum sestertiōs!"

Trans:

Loc: 8.104-6

Original: "Sed aspice _____: _____, _____, _____!"

New: "Sed aspice _____: _____, _____, _____!"

Trans:

Loc: 8.106

Original: " _____ proba sunt!"

New: " _____ !"

Trans:

Loc: 8.106-7

Original: "Neque pretium _____ nimis magnum est!"

New: "Neque pretium _____ nimis magnum est!"

Trans:

Loc: 8.118-9

Original: "Accipe _____ ab amīcō tuō ... "

New: "Accipe _____ ab amīcō tuō ... "

Trans:

Loc: 8.121

Original: " _____ ad digitum tuum nōn convenit."

New: " _____ ad digitum tuum nōn _____ ."

Trans:
